

# The Fresno



# Republican.

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FRESNO, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 4, 1896

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## DOINGS OF CONGRESS

Debate on the Bond Bill Becomes Personal.

"INCOMPETENT AND DISHONEST"

Are the Terms Used by Senator Teller in Referring to the Administration.

WASHINGTON, January 3.—The senate heard a stirring speech today, the bond question being the theme. Mr. Sherman's speech, which had been anticipated with much interest for some time, initiated the financial discussion. The veteran senator was in good voice, and his speech was closely followed throughout. This, however, was merely a prelude to the financial controversy, vigorous and personal in character. Mr. Elkins of West Virginia sought to secure an immediate vote on his resolution directing that all bond issues be abandoned and the bonds offered to the public. Mr. Hill attempted to have the resolution referred to committee, but on a roll-call the vote was overwhelmingly in favor of proceeding with the question. Only six negative votes were cast—Chilton, Coffey, and Mitchell of Wisconsin; Murray and Bates of Mr. Hill spoke vigorously against the resolution. He asserted that Mr. Sherman, when secretary of the treasury, had made bond contracts with the New York syndicate similar to the one now assailed. This brought on a sharp personal debate in which Mr. Hill, Mr. Sherman, Hoar, Teller and others participated. At 5:30 the Senate agreed to adjourn, although the motion carried by a bare majority, and adjourned until Monday morning. The bond bill would be ready on Tuesday, to which day the Senate adjourned.

Hans of Maine presented a bill for a Pacific ocean cable to Honolulu and elsewhere, and explained that it was an elaboration of the plan urged before congress, and contemplated a cable for transaction of the business for the United States government.

A joint resolution for constitutional amendment admitting women to suffrage was presented by request by Hoar.

Squire, Republican, of Washington, offered a resolution for the negotiation forthwith of a convention between the United States and Great Britain for the purpose of marking a boundary line between Alaska and British North America, appropriating \$75,000 for the necessary expenses.

George of Mississippi voted for an immediate consideration of the bill equalizing the law requiring an oath of loyalty to the Union, to become a condition for service in the Mexican war.

The bill was passed without division.

Buster of North Carolina asked for an immediate consideration of a bill "To prohibit the issue of interest-bearing bonds." Hill of New York suggested that the bill be not pressed for the present. Sherman, he said, was about to address the Senate. After that, possibly a discussion of this proposition would be done.

Perkins of California urged the passage of the resolution suggesting that duty on sugar be included in the tariff amendments considered by the Finance Committee. It was referred to the Finance Committee merely as a suggestion, and no vote or expression of opinion on the subject.

Sherman then began his speech on the financial question, reading from manuscript and receiving very close attention.

Speaker Read and Henderson, Dallzel, Walker and other members of the house were on the floor and followed Sherman with close attention.

At the conclusion of Sherman's remarks Butler, Populist of North Carolina, renewed his request for the immediate consideration of his bill to prohibit the future issue of bonds except with the consent of Congress. Speakers, he said, had told a story of the impending bond issue and action should be had once. Butler asked the unanimous consent to put his bill on the table.

Hill, who happened to be in the chair, rather started the speech by himself in terposing an objection.

Mr. Mills then took the floor to reply to Mr. Sherman. He repudiated the charge that the fifty-third Congress was in any way responsible for the present financial crisis. The burden of the bill, he said, was that it might by the popular support, it would meet with swift and severe punishment on the part of the President against those responsible for it.

Mr. Sherman's resolution was temporarily laid aside and that of Mr. Elkins, Republican, of West Virginia, directing the disposal of bonds by public sale, was taken up.

Mr. Elkins spoke vigorously in its support. He refuted the fact that the public officials were compelled to make contracts after the advertisement, and yet the President and Secretary of the Treasury were entirely relieved of the valuable safeguard. Mr. Elkins reviewed the commissions paid for floating loans during the war, to show the enormous extortion of the syndicates who had taken up the loans of the present administration. Only about \$5,000,000 had been paid in commissions on loans of \$25,000,000,000, the rest of the others that the net of the treasury funds are strictly within the limit.

Another sharp colloquy occurred between Mr. Hill and Mr. Hawley when the latter referred to the prospects of a great silver ridge to the south of the country.

Mr. Teller referred to the offer of the New York World to take \$1,000,000 at 3 per cent.

"I venture to say," interrupted Mr. Hill, "that the offer of Mr. Pulitzer is the only one that has been made. No offer in the country has made such an offer, but his friends rely upon the general strength among the members as being sufficient to make him a winning candidate."

Colonel Isaac Trumbo has his headquarters in the Atlas block and Mr. Charles Orme is doing the active work in his behalf.

Judge C. G. Godwin, who is prominently mentioned for one of the leading positions in the campaign, is shown to have friends who are also strong supporters of Mrs. Biddle, who she declares forced her to accept the position of interim president.

The Republicans will hold a caucus tomorrow, but it is understood to be only for the purpose of arranging details of organization.

During the past two weeks the general belief seems to have expanded rather than contracted. It is now generally agreed that there are at least four and possibly five candidates in the field, all with certain elements of strength.

Godwin is expressed as to whether the Democratic can reach an agreement in caucus.

The Democratic party may be an important factor in the result. They will probably cast a complimentary vote for Mr. Teller and Hawley, but after that it is possible they may take some action that will develop candidates not heretofore mentioned.

UTAH'S STATEHOOD.

The President Will Issue the Necessary Proclamation Today.

WASHINGTON, January 3.—The President will issue the proclamation this morning, about noon, giving Utah statehood.

Mr. Teller proceeded to show that the bankers throughout the country were ready to take bonds. He recited specific orders at the time of the last issue. The Senator read, with much vigor, the personal appeal of the New York World to the President.

"This was a remarkable document," said Mr. Teller, "a political appeal to a private citizen to start a scandal in America which the paper helped to bring into existence."

The Senator denounced the "imbecility or dishonesty" of the executive branch in making this secret contract. It amounted, said Mr. Teller, to a misappropriation of the public funds, and the public would so judge the past and the coming transaction.

A sharp colloquy occurred between Mr. Hill and Mr. Hawley when the latter referred to the prospects of a great silver ridge to the south of the country.

Mr. Gaffey, Democrat of Louisiana, sharply responded to Mr. Teller's assertion that the administration was incompetent or dishonest.

Mr. Teller rose to say that he believed it "imbecile and dishonest" for the people to make an alliance on the basis of the integrity of the Democrats.

"At least," said Mr. Gaffey, "the southern men did not add hypocrisy to their action in order to secure a pretty party advantage and indirectly to stain the sound money cause they pretended to espouse."

At 5:25 p.m. the Senate adjourned until Tuesday.

Mr. Elkins moved that the Senate proceed with the consideration of his resolution. Mr. Hill sought to object, but was entreated by the Vice President ruling that the motion was not debatable. Thereupon the vote was taken, resulting as follows: Yeas 45,

nays 5.

R. H. McDonald of Porterville is at the Grand Central.

WASHINGTON, January 3.—The session of the house today lasted only five minutes. The journal was read and approved. A message was received from the Senate.

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## THE FRESNO MORNING REPUBLICAN.

Fresno, Fresno County, California.

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J. W. SHOOT, Editor and Manager.

The Great Newspaper of the San Joaquin Valley.

Largest Circulation. - The Most News.

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Daily Republican, six months, by mail, 75¢

Daily Republican, three months, by mail, 50¢

Daily Republican, per month, by carrier, 15¢

Weekly Republican, six months, by mail, 12.50

Weekly Republican, one year, by mail, 32.50

CLEWS ON WAR.

Some of the publications which Banks or Henry Clews sends out from his Wall Street office are interesting, some are amusing, and all have the golden stamp on some corner. Here is an extract from his most recent utterance:

"The present condition of things is far from satisfactory. It is, therefore, all important for the English-speaking people to stand together. It means the spreading of civilization and Christianity to all parts of the globe. A war between England and the United States would be in reality a civil war, and as both nations are brave, bold and determined in warfare, the decision would be beyond a question: the English would be victorious."

If Mr. Clews has no weighty argument than this to advance against war, and there are plenty of them—he may as well be "heard to cease." It has been often enough demonstrated that war between civilized nations does not necessarily result in a "victory to barbarism," nor is it even "a tremendous setback" to such civilization as mankind know. On the contrary, it has often been an engine of civilization. Witness the civil war in this country, which dealt a deathblow to slavery. Have either France or Germany tended toward barbarism since the Franco-Prussian war?

Mr. Clews' idea that "the spreading of civilization and Christianity in all parts of the globe" is dependent on the dominance of English-speaking people is the amusing part of his reflections. Of course the theory is flattering, and the American people would be glad to accept it, but it is impossible for one intelligently to do so. Nothing but an egotism which causes a person to overlook facts could make an Englishman or an American suppose the men of his speech to be particularly, if any, further advanced in civilization than are the people who speak German or French. If the people of one of these languages have their scientists, philosophers and inventors, to have those of the other languages, and it is impossible to say definitely where is the advantage.

As for the comparative Christianity of these peoples, it's pretty fair argument might be made that, as England notoriously is the most grasping of modern civilized nations; as she most disregards the rights of weaker nations, so must she be the least christened of the peoples mentioned, for nothing is further from Christianity than these characteristics. Such an argument might be sophistical, but it would have some appearance of possessing a foundation.

War is deplorable because it is organized and wholesale murder. Therein lies the chief argument against it. Mr. Clews' argument is chiefly remarkable for its inadequacy.

The most partial friend of Rev. C. O. Brown, the gentleman who has so kindly furnished the San Francisco papers with something to occupy their columns, must admit that he is strangely unfortunate. A clergyman who would submit to blackmail in order to save his soul has after all the world to pay for his folly. He will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at Webster Bros' drug store. Regular size 56 and \$1.

## RANDOM REMARKS.

It is all right to talk of the lack of rain, brethren, but just as little is the very individual who shuns next spring will be complaining that the next spring has been altogether too wet. It is really a curious world, you know.

We wish that somebody who knows what makes an anxious country would. Mr. Cleveland was thinking of a small issue or the Venezuelan question while he was on that duck hunting expedition. On the answer to this question would so much depend the character of the interest which the people might take in the next hunt.

Buckner's Aronia Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, and rheum, four sorts, roller, creamed, hand salve, salve, compound, for eruptions, and postural curse piles, or no pay required.

It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Webster Bros', Druggists, corner K and Mariposa streets, Fresno.

Dyspepsia.

E. W. Joy COMPANY—Gentlemen: I have taken your Vegetable Sarsaparilla and can say I have never seen anything equal to it. I have suffered ten years with dyspepsia, not being able to eat anything but a half pound of bread, like nothing but misery for me.

Now I have a good appetite, eat anything I wish and feel no pain. I wish to tell all dyspeptics and ureters to try your Vegetable Sarsaparilla.

[Signed] Mr. John Timothy, Stockton, Cal.

Great care is taken in the way we make our pathets; we have had black night soil since the days of gray.

And still my soul is dead, born.

And still the day comes not.

"I wonder if I shall surely see?"

But, lo, the morning has come,

And still the soul is dead.

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## A GLORIOUS SUCCESS

Hundreds of Visitors at the Citrus Fair.

THE GALLERY PACKED FULL.

B. T. Fowler on the Past History of Citrus Culture—Splendid Exhibits.

It was a grand moment for Alex Goldstein, president of the Chamber of Commerce, and Fulton J. Berry, president of the Citrus Fair committee, when they stood on the platform at Armory hall at 9 o'clock last night, and glanced at the magnificent exhibits that had been artistically set up and arranged within two short days. True there were three or four stands left vacant, it being felt that to leave them half filled would produce a fair water effect; but not to make any show at all. The quality exhibits on the right and left side of the entrance were thus left over, but will be put out this morning in plenty of time for inspection by the judges.

In the afternoon there seemed no chance left to be done that there was some talk of postponing the opening till today. But there were men on the committee who would not hear of the proposition, and soon they were seen hurrying up the ladders and finding helpers for those who had most to do. The Barton estate display, which was all arranged in two hours, and A. H. Blasiusvane, who had quite a large stand, got through all his work in a few hours.

The floor was a picturesque litter of ivy, kindling wood, crushed oranges and mingled decorative plants at 5 p.m., but an hour later every such of the fruit had been swept clean by a liberal sprinkling of sawdust and silence in the room, except that as the orchestral music began to play to advantage.

The program consisted of six pieces under the direction of Nick Justy, with M. M. over the piano.

The gallery was filled early in the evening, and those occupying it had the advantage of seeing the general effect, which was lost below. It was nearly 6 o'clock before the promenade stands in the aisle was fully occupied. At the hour named it was a close case of "standing room" only, and not too much of that. J. W. Ferguson, still bearing the name of his long illness, was accommodated to a seat near the platform, a worthy compliment to one of the pioneers of citrus culture in this country.

Commencing with the wall exhibits, and proceeding northward from the entrance door, the first display window of the products of the Northern vineyard, Mr. Alexander's, an artistic taste is shown by his assistant, W. Geesler, who had charge of the work, aided by Mrs. Marchant, the clerk in charge of the town office. Two words "St. George's Vineyard" were marked out in orange on the arch of the doorway. Within was a fine assortment of wines, tastefully arranged.

The next exhibit on the north wall was that of T. J. Haunton's, a part of this was the display of O. B. McDonald. Mrs. Haunton exhibited packed oranges only, the wraps being arranged to represent the national colors, red, white and blue. In Mr. McDonald's exhibit the name of the owner was worked out in green letters on a field of oranges. Next the doorway leading to the armory a nest exhibit was made by W. H. McEnany and Frank H. Short. In the northeast angle the Barton estate exhibit was represented by a tall case of wine bottles, the filling and capping festooned being of red roses. This exhibit was arranged by Mr. Knox Hill, aided by Mrs. Sam Jackson and J. H. Wilcox.

Mr. A. H. Powers of Centerville had the first exhibit on the east wall, proceeding from the platform toward the platform, the Powers display was the most noteworthy from the profusion of oranges, but the products derived from them, candied-peel, orange marmalade, jelly, etc., all made by Mrs. Powers. The confectioner, of Mrs. Fulton G. Berry, the young genius, has been unencouraged by the success of the opening that it has been determined to continue the fair till Tuesday. On Saturday the people of Sanger, Modesto, Lodi, Salina, Kingsburg, Easton and other towns of the county will have a chance of viewing the exhibits, for the hall will be open on that day. A sacred concert may still be had at the Old Palm Garden.

The fair will be open all day today, and continuing the following musical program will be submitted: Song, E. N. Justy; fancy dance, the three Hill children; piano solo, Prof. M. M. Meyer; song, Miss Daisy Wolcott; recitation, Miss Florence Kelly; Highland fling, Little Sadie Hill; guitar solo, Miss May Hill.

**PERSONAL.**

U. S. Beck is up from Hanford. Sheriff Sam Westfall of Madera is in Fresno. A. J. Wiener is on a business trip to San Francisco.

R. Colton of San Francisco is registered at the Clappes.

Alfred Goldstein took this morning's train for the bay city.

Mrs. J. H. Simpson went to San Francisco yesterday to visit friends.

George B. Graham is among the Fresno people visiting the city by the bay.

Judge E. H. Tucker and G. W. Terrell of Selma were in the county seat yesterday.

Mrs. Mollie Wood of Raymond is visiting in this city, the guest of Judge A. J. Ferguson, who made the best use of her short time at his disposal and succeeded admirably. She was well received by Mrs. Rose Kennedy and Frankie Martin and Walter Ferguson. A star in the center was the point of the design, which presented many evidences of artistic conception.

In the southwest angle the Eisen exhibit claimed more than a passing notice. Over the rustic doorway was a hanging bottle of Rhine wine, estimated to hold 3½ gallons. Depending from the doorway was a small ornamental red. The decorations consisted of rays of ripe oranges arranged vertically, with sprays of palm leaves, all from the Eisen doorway.

The two quality exhibit tables on the west wall were unoccupied, as already stated, and F. J. Dow also had a bare table, marked "reserved," which will be filled this morning. This will make the exhibit complete.

In the central space Rebekah's well is a conspicuous and beautiful object. The rim is entirely covered with orange and lighted by twenty incandescent lamps, in addition to electric lights and thirty more incandescent lamps over head, a solid wooden bucket trimmed with imitation moss, depended from the handle beam, the latter being trimmed with emerald and topaz. Rebekah was here last evening, as Miss Elizabeth Thorne who gracefully dispensed lemonade from the bucket at 10 cents a glass, the proceeds to go to the county orphanage.

Adjacent to the central aisle, on the north side, W. G. Urquhart had a very neat display of citrus products, arranged under his own superintendence. To this was a similar, and a larger, display, made by F. L. S. Johnson. Next beyond were the displays of Jas. Ladd and C. Wallace, and a vacant table, which will be filled this morning. On the east side of the central aisle was a small but most exhibit made by F. M. Chittenden, with a nice oil painting of a spray of oranges, the work of Mrs. F. M. Chittenden under the instruction of J. Bauer. The next table on the west was only partly occupied, but the

## BOXING TOURNAMENT.

A Successful Exhibition Given at Athletic Hall.

A large crowd gathered at Athletic hall last evening to witness the boxing tournament of the Fresno Amateur Athletic club. There was some delay in arranging the preliminaries, so the McVey amateur the spectators with an exhibition of billiard pool. Although very much out of condition, McVey managed to make a score of forty-six points.

Soon after the contestants for the preliminary bouts entered the ring, Schuyler Hess and Bert Garfield sparred three clever rounds, so did Messrs. Dousley and Smith. Al Riley, who was master of ceremonies, then introduced Emory Bomham of Fresno, W. Lamb of Sanger, W. Scanlon and "McGinty" of Fresno. The two "champions" sparred two sparing, after the other two rested. The exhibition of bombing and Lamb won the title of the champion even though both rounds. The one between "McGinty" and Scanlon brought forth much applause.

Then came the contests for trophies, the first between Fred Baker of Visalia and "Kid" Albin of Fresno for a trophy valued at \$25. Baker entered the ring first, followed by his seconds. Albin followed shortly afterward. The action sparred for a short time, then Albin's superiority was clearly demonstrated.

The next contest between Messrs. George and Morse was won by the former in the first round.

During the evening Al Riley addressed the audience requesting them to attend a meeting of the club on Monday evening, January 8th, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year.

MISS GILMOUR'S PARTY.

An Evening Pleasantly Spent in Games and Music.

Last evening at her home, 1005 El Dorado street, Miss Alice Gilmour entertained a number of friends. Music was first, in order, followed by comedians, songs and games, giving place to refreshments.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Eastwood, Mrs. Katie Sonia, Little Jimmie, Miss Emily Greene, Rose Hansen, Emma Ward, Edith and May Hines, George, Dr. B. Himes, Jessie Archer, S. P. Hines, L. Sharps, George and John Thompson, John Hines, Clark and Walter Steger and L. L. Atkins.

A Wedding Today.

F. N. Miller of San Diego, the newly elected vice president of the State Teachers' Association, arrived from Oakland on his mid-night train, accompanied by Miss Martha of Santa Rosa.

Today at noon the wedding of Mr. Miller and Miss Agnes Henry will take place at the residence of Mrs. L. E. Walker on Ventura street, and this evening at 5:30 they depart for San Diego.

**MARRIED.**

**WEDDING.**

"Can we compete with our southern neighbors?" asked Mr. Miller.

"Yes, and he answered his own question in the affirmative, claiming that the soil, the cheapness of the land, the climatic conditions of the Sierra foothills and even of the plains, together with the facilities for irrigation, are all in favor of the proposition, the practicability of which is demonstrated in the present citrus fair.

At intervals during the evening the orchestra played the following selections: "The Girl I Left Behind Me," "Rosie," "Beechwood," "Beechwood," "Dorothy," "Doris," "Trotting," "Trotting," "Wang," "Morse," "Summer Night," "Stone," "Night Off," "Boettcher."

The experimental stage was reached in 1880 and 1891 when Marshall & Williams planted out a large number of slips near Centerville. It had long existed that it is impossible to raise citrus fruit in Fresno county except in a few favored spots in the foothills. Twenty years ago a peddler from Merced county brought some oranges into this county. They were purchased and some of the seed was planted with little hope of a satisfactory result. Now, Albin's display is the third year of the state of California.

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